

※ 下課鐘響前不得繳卷

姓名：

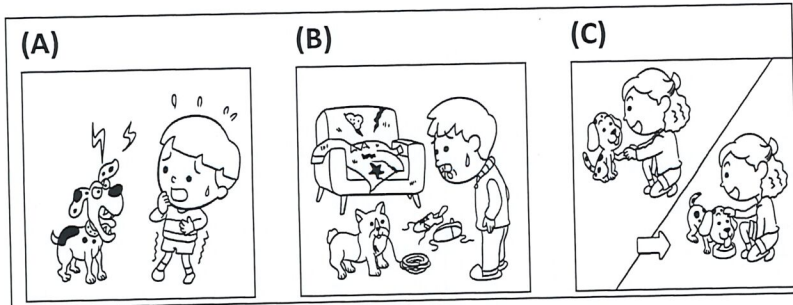
(請 於 答 案 卷 作 答)

P1

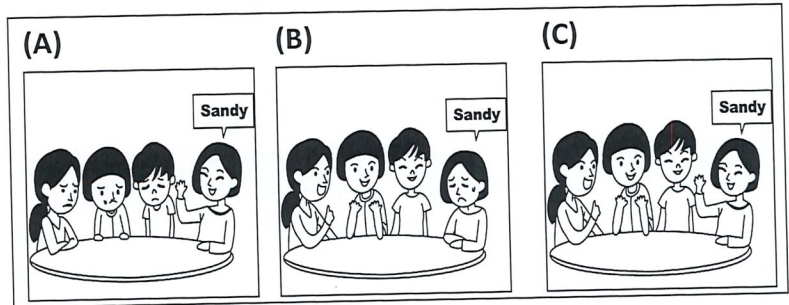
一、 聽力測驗：15%

(一) 辨識句意：根據聽到的內容，選出符合描述的圖片或符合圖片的描述。每題 1 分 5%

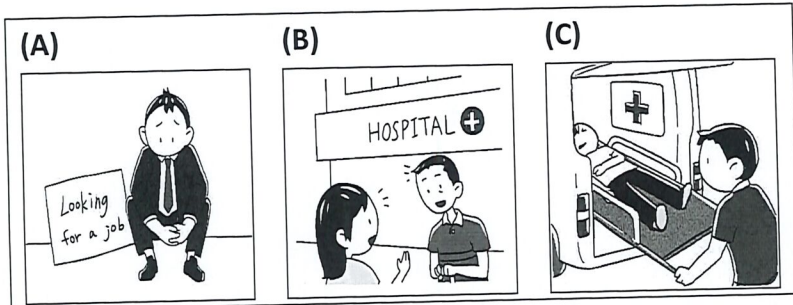
1.



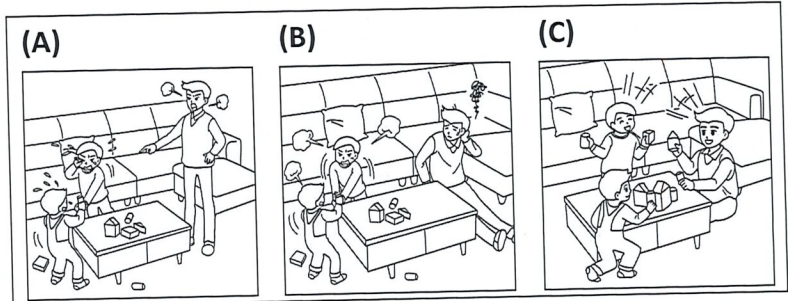
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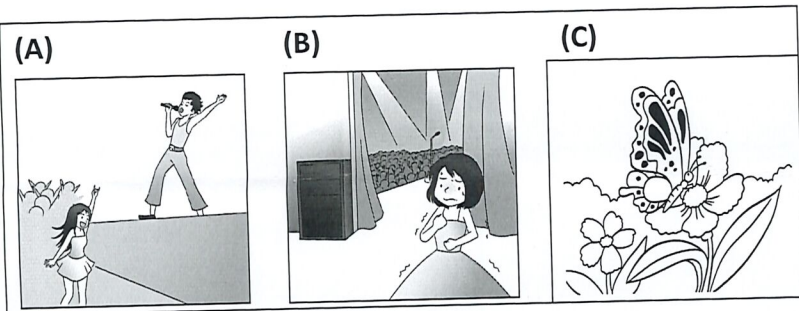
3.



4.



5.



(二) 基本問答:根據聽到的內容，選出一個最適合的回應。
每題 1 分 5%

- 6. (A) I think they must know how to build a factory.
(B) We aren't sure when the factory was built.
(C) I have no idea what people think of it, but I do want one.
- 7. (A) I'm not sure who made this table.
(B) Then let's combine two tables for the whole family.
(C) Grandpa found pleasure in making his own tables.
- 8. (A) No. My girlfriend is flying back to Taiwan tonight.
(B) No. I haven't decided when to get to the airport.
(C) Sorry. I don't know when the plane will arrive.
- 9. (A) Yes. I have no idea where it is made.
(B) Sorry, but I don't eat ice cream. It's too sweet.
(C) It's made of fresh fruit, like guavas and strawberries.
- 10. (A) It's sad that women still do most of the housework.
(B) People lose their jobs because of their age.
(C) People often make jokes about fat people on the Internet.

(三) 言談理解:根據聽到的內容，選出一個最適合的答案。
每題 1 分 5%

- 11. (A) It looks tired and hungry.
(B) There's something wrong with its eyes.
(C) It had an accident when it crossed the road.
- 12. (A) Call the post office.
(B) Send the e-mail again.
(C) Check on his computer.
- 13. (A) She doesn't fully believe in Google Maps.
(B) Google Maps isn't sure where they are.
(C) She doesn't know how to use Google Maps.
- 14. (A) Because he doesn't help other people.
(B) Because he cleans his house only twice a year.
(C) Because he doesn't put himself in other people's shoes.
- 15. (A) They're visiting an art museum with Oliver.
(B) They're planning a trip for Oliver.
(C) They're talking about a movie festival.

背面尚有試題

二 生字測驗:15 %

(一) 單字測驗 10 %

- 1.面試;採訪 2.樂趣;榮幸 3.意外地 4.實例 5.價值
6.有力量的 7.意見 8.疼痛 9.機場 10.允許

(二) 文意字彙 5 %

1. The history museum is open every day e_____t Mondays.
2. It was b_____e of Steve to leave his job and start his own business.
3. The teacher tried to e_____n the rules of the ball game to the students.
4. Shelly: How do you d_____e a good student? Lena: I think he or she should be a responsible (負責任的) person.
5. In the Chinese and English versions (版本) of this story, the two e_____gs are completely (完全的) different.
I like the English one better.

三 文法選擇: 30 %

1. The apple pie looks so delicious. I just couldn't help but _____ it without asking my mom first.
(A) to eat (B) eat (C) ate (D) eating
2. Dan's notebook computer isn't working. He doesn't know _____ to fix it.
(A) what (B) which (C) why (D) how
3. The HTC cellphones are made _____ Taiwan.
(A) with (B) by (C) in (D) to
4. The old lady got badly hurt and _____ to the hospital.
(A) sent (B) didn't send (C) has sent (D) was sent
5. Rolin told us _____ Allen was scared of rats.
(A) where (B) what (C) who (D) that
6. Oliver seldom washes his hands before eating, _____?
(A) doesn't Oliver (B) doesn't he (C) does he (D) does Oliver
7. Taking a high-speed train is fast and convenient, but _____, it costs much money. ☐ speed 速度
(A) put myself in your shoes (B) what's worse (C) on the other hand (D) for example
8. Oscar: Can you tell me _____ I can buy the best juice? Linda: The Kiwi Shop. They use fresh fruit to make juice.
(A) how (B) why (C) where (D) when
9. Tina loves sharing her life on the Internet. Last Friday, she uploaded her dancing video to Youtube, and it went viral.
Now Tina is quite famous and really enjoys _____ at school. ☐ go viral 在網路上爆紅
(A) notice (B) to be noticed (C) noticing (D) being noticed
10. I'm cutting the vegetables. Please heat the soup for me, _____ you?
(A) do (B) will (C) don't (D) won't
11. I'm not sure if Mandy _____ in tomorrow, but if she _____, I'll tell her that you called.
(A) will come ; does (B) will come ; will (C) comes ; does (D) comes ; will
12. The bus to the art museum is very crowded because _____ filled with visitors from all over the world.
(A) it is (B) they are (C) there is (D) there are ☐ crowded 擁擠的
13. It's been thirteen years since Mr. Brown left for the USA, _____?
(A) isn't he (B) isn't it (C) hasn't he (D) hasn't it
14. Cindy was told _____ the police that her son was in the hospital.
(A) with (B) by (C) for (D) to
15. The boy _____ a trouble maker for 6 years in elementary school. However, nobody called him that
after he entered junior high school because he changed a lot. Now, he even becomes the model in his class.
(A) called (B) has called (C) has been called (D) was called

※ 下課鐘響前不得繳卷

姓名：

P3

四 題組：下列五個題組，請根據選文，選出一個正確或最佳的答案。30 %

1.

Max: You have watched Squid Game, haven't you?

Ella: Yeah. I 1. it with my sister last week. How about you?

Max: Not yet. It's said that more than 130 million people 2. the Korean show so far.

Ella: That's true. As I know, it is Netflix's most-watched series, becoming the top-viewed program in 94 countries.

Max: Wow! Tell me which part you like best. Did anyone win the cash prize finally?

Ella: Wait a second. Don't you think we'd better talk about that after you watch it?

☐ Squid Game 魷魚遊戲 program 節目 so far 到目前為止 view 觀看

1. (A) watched (B) are watching (C) watch (D) have watched
2. (A) watched (B) are watching (C) watch (D) have watched
3. Which is NOT true?
(A) Max hasn't watched Squid Game. (B) Ella's sister has watched Squid Game.
(C) Squid Game is the most popular program in Korea. (D) Ella doesn't want to talk about Squid Game with Max.

2.

Ray : Wow, what a year! So many things happened last year.

Erin : 4. What happened in the beginning of the year feels like ages ago.

Ray : Can you imagine what to say when people ask about this time in the future?

Erin : I know many dictionaries choose one English word to sum up the year.

Ray : That's interesting. What's the word for 2020?

Erin : There's no surprise that "Covid" was chosen by the American Dialect Society (美國方言學會) for the year.

Ray : That was a stupid question, 5.?

Erin : Not really. Like what we talked about, so many things happened in 2020. Another example, "BLM," which stands for "Black Lives Matter", 6.

Ray : I remember seeing a lot about that topic in the news.

Erin : That's why Oxford (牛津) English Dictionary decided not to choose only one word.

Ray : I can see their point, too. What about the past? Is there anything special?

Erin : I was just looking it up! In 2015, an emoji was chosen. You can also see how smartphones 7. the way people talk to each other.

Ray : To be honest, I didn't know there's so much meaning behind it.

Erin : Me either. I hope we will have some good words that mean more fun this year.

☐ beginning 開頭 imagine 想像 sum up 總結 emoji 表情符號 meaning 意義

4. (A) I was so excited. (B) It was full of love.
(C) I couldn't agree more. (D) I don't mind giving it a try.
5. (A) was I (B) wasn't I (C) was it (D) wasn't it
6. (A) has been agreed over the years (B) should be learned by more people
(C) will be seen everywhere in the near future (D) was also thought to be one of the words of the year
7. (A) was changed (B) have changed (C) will be changed (D) have been changed

背面尚有試題

3.

Many people are crazy about playing games on their smartphones. It is common to see them doing that in stores, on buses, and on the streets. In fact, those kinds of games have made more money than the ones for computers and video game systems. These days, they have become so popular that some people can't even live their lives without them. It's hard to believe, isn't it? Also, have you ever wondered _____ 30 years ago?

Solitaire was one of the hottest computer games during the 1990s. It was created by Wes Cherry. He was working as an intern for Microsoft in 1988 when he wrote the game. During his free time, he felt bored, so he created a game to play. At first, only Wes Cherry and his friends used it. Then, Microsoft founder Bill Gates played it and liked it. The game was easy to learn but hard to win, so many people wanted to give it a try. As a result, Bill Gates decided to add Solitaire to his Windows system. After that, with the sale of Windows all over the world, Solitaire took the USA by storm and lots of people liked it.

☞ Solitaire 接龍 system 系統 wonder 想知道 intern 實習生 founder 創立者

8. Which best fits in the blank? ☞ blank 空格

- (A) where popular games were sold
- (B) how people bought computer games
- (C) who created the first video game
- (D) which game people couldn't stop playing

9. Which is true about Wes Cherry?

- (A) Bill Gates asked him to create a game.
- (B) He worked as an intern for Microsoft in the 1980s.
- (C) He is the founder of Microsoft.
- (D) He created Solitaire because he wanted everyone to play it.

10. What does "take something by storm" mean?

- (A) It is easy.
- (B) It is difficult.
- (C) It is popular.
- (D) It is boring.

4.

When we say "somebody has money to burn," it means that a person has a great deal of money to spend. Well, sometimes people's lives can be saved because they "have money to burn" literally.

Two Canadian young men went skiing on their vacation. Having so much fun on the marked trail for some time, they decided to take a shortcut down to the lower trail. However, without the marks, they couldn't tell where they were and ended up in a valley filled with thick snow. The sun set down and it became very cold. Although they had warm clothes on, the nighttime temperatures could drop to deadly cold. They knew they could die if they couldn't find other ways to keep themselves warmer. Then, they thought of building a fire, so they went collecting as much wood as they could. And they needed something like paper to start a fire. One idea crossed their mind. "Money is paper!" one of them shouted. They tried \$1notes, \$5notes and \$10 notes, but they just couldn't start a fire. Finally, they got the fire started when they burned the last note. The fire kept them warm all night.

When they were found safe and sound the next morning, they were asked whether they would go skiing again. They answered, "No, the cost is too high."

☞ trail 路徑 shortcut 捷徑 valley 山谷 deadly 致命的 temperature 溫度 note 紙幣 safe and sound 安然無恙

11. What does the word literally mean in the reading?

- (A) The two Canadians burned the real money.
- (B) The two Canadian have much money to spend.
- (C) The two Canadians thought money had two meanings.
- (D) The two Canadians thought money could buy anything.

12. What did the two Canadians mean by saying “No, the cost is too high”?

- (A) They meant the money they had burned to start the fire. (B) It usually cost them too much to go skiing on vacation.
(C) Prices of clothes and shoes for skiing were too high. (D) With all their money gone, they had to work even harder.

13. What do we know about the two Canadians from the reading?

- (A) After keeping skiing on the marked trail, they got home safe and sound.
(B) They pointed fingers at each other when finding themselves in trouble.
(C) They understood how important the map was after the experience.
(D) There was no chance that they would go skiing on their next vacation.

5.

Do you like to go to libraries? Libraries are gateways to knowledge and culture. You can borrow all kinds of books for free. You have to pay only if your books are overdue or you lose them. However, things didn't go that way years ago. In 1900, people hardly had books because they were expensive. Only rich people had their own small libraries in their houses. If you were one of their friends, you got a chance to borrow books. A few places had libraries, but the borrowers had to pay for them.

Thanks to Andrew Carnegie, one of the richest man in the world, more and more public libraries were set. He not only gave away a lot of money to help the poor and the working-class Americans but also helped 2,509 public libraries. The reason why he helped build so many libraries was that building free libraries had always been his dream. He was born into a poor family in 1835. When he was young, he always made good use of time and threw himself into his work and reading. He strongly believed that to be born poor didn't mean that one would always be poor. Everyone could become better by reading. And because of his large and kind donations of money, many places in America have free libraries now, and more and more people have a chance to get more knowledge.

📖 gateway 出入口 knowledge 知識 culture 文化 overdue 逾期 hardly 幾乎不 donation 捐獻 article 文章

14. What can we learn from the article?

- (A) Andrew Carnegie made money by lending books to poor people.
(B) Andrew Carnegie donated his books to libraries because he was from a rich family.
(C) In 1900, there weren't any public libraries. People had to spend money borrowing books from the libraries at that time, or they had to borrow books from rich friends with small libraries.
(D) Mr. Carnegie believes that donating books to the libraries can make children and the poor become rich.

15. After reading the article, who might have got the help from Mr. Carnegie?

- (A) Mathew said, “ I borrowed the book from my friend, William, in his small library. The books are very expensive now. I am lucky to have a friend like William.
(B) Christine said, “ I am very poor. I saved money for two years to buy my daughter a book. I can't get any free book around me. I hope my daughter can learn things from it.”
(C) Harry said, “I always borrow books online. Thanks to the online system, I can search for the books and book them through the library system. That's easier for me to get what I want.”
(D) Sylvia said, “ I got my library card yesterday, and I felt so excited about that. With my library card, I can borrow seven free books from the city library in LA. I am so lucky to have one.”

※ 下課鐘響前不得繳卷

姓名：

答 案 卷

一、聽力測驗：15 %

(一) 辨識句意：每題 1 分

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|---|---|---|---|---|

| | | |
|----------|--------|----------|
| 口說測驗 10% | 筆試 90% | 總成績 100% |
| | | |

(二) 基本問答：每題 1 分

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|----|
| 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
|---|---|---|---|----|

(三) 言談理解：每題 1 分

| | | | | |
|----|----|----|----|----|
| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
|----|----|----|----|----|

二、單字測驗：15 %

(一) 單字測驗 每題 1 分

| | | | | |
|----|----|----|----|-----|
| 1. | 2. | 3. | 4. | 5. |
| 6. | 7. | 8. | 9. | 10. |

(二) 文意字彙 每題 1 分

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|---|---|---|---|---|

三、文法選擇：30 % 每題 2 分

| | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 1. | 2. | 3. | 4. | 5. |
| 6. | 7. | 8. | 9. | 10. |
| 11. | 12. | 13. | 14. | 15. |

四、題組：30 % 每題 2 分

| | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 1. | 2. | 3. | 4. | 5. |
| 6. | 7. | 8. | 9. | 10. |
| 11. | 12. | 13. | 14. | 15. |