

※ 下課鐘響前不得繳卷

姓名：

( 請 於 答 案 卷 作 答 )

P1.

一、 字彙測驗： 20 %

(一) 單字或片語測驗： 10% 每題 1 分

1. It is really \_\_\_\_\_ to shop online. You can buy things anytime and anywhere (隨時隨地).  
(A) missing (B) glad (C) convenient (D) lucky
2. The common \_\_\_\_\_ for Americans may be Friday the 13th. It's believed to be a day when something bad would happen.  
(A) superstition (B) poem (C) form (D) death
3. When the alarm bell (警鈴) \_\_\_\_\_, everyone in the classroom ran out of it as soon as possible.  
(A) burned down (B) took off (C) went off (D) pushed around
4. Mrs. Winfrey is going to have a \_\_\_\_\_ this December. Mr. Winfrey is happy because he's going to be a father.  
(A) baby (B) teenager (C) screen (D) page
5. Rita didn't \_\_\_\_\_ that there was a big hole, so she fell into it.  
(A) notice (B) knock (C) hop (D) step
6. With smartphones, people can \_\_\_\_\_ the news quite quickly. For example, we live in Taiwan, but we can know what's happening in the USA.  
(A) pass on (B) pass away (C) get in touch (D) knock down
7. A : Where is the \_\_\_\_\_ from? B : Look! The apartment behind the restaurant is on fire.  
(A) pipe (B) mat (C) marker (D) smoke
8. My interest is \_\_\_\_\_ to yours. We both like to play sports. You like to play basketball, and I like to play baseball.  
(A) similar (B) the same (C) different (D) like
9. The thief (小偷) got into Jay's house easily because he put the key under the door \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) pipe (B) mat (C) lid (D) wall
10. The teacher told us to \_\_\_\_\_ the best answer to the question. However, I couldn't decide which one was right.  
(A) focus (B) swing (C) hide (D) circle

(二) 文意字彙： 10% 每題 2 分

11. Put on the g\_\_\_\_\_es before you touch these old photos.
12. Can you pass me the t\_\_\_\_\_l behind you? I need it to fix my car.
13. Sandra likes t\_\_\_\_\_ling from one city to another in her free time.
14. Peter has never l\_\_\_\_\_d to me before. I deeply believe his words.
15. If you want to get more i\_\_\_\_\_n about the hotel, you can look it up on the Internet.

二、 填入適當的介系詞或副詞： 5% 每題 1 分

1. We need to find a way to keep the kids \_\_\_\_\_ from the oven.
2. Most parents work hard in order \_\_\_\_\_ provide a better life for their kids.
3. The art worker always focuses \_\_\_\_\_ what he does. No wonder he is so successful.
4. Many people in the United States carry a man-made rabbit's foot \_\_\_\_\_ them to have good luck.
5. A: Why don't you use Facebook? B: Because Sam is \_\_\_\_\_ it all the time, I don't want to be like him.

三、 文法及對話測驗： 20 % 每題 2 分

1. A : I'm in trouble. Can you tell me \_\_\_\_\_? B : You should call your parents first.  
(A) how can I do (B) what to do (C) where should go (D) who should ask
2. Something surprising \_\_\_\_\_ when she opened the gift.  
(A) was happened (B) happened (C) is happening (D) has been happened
3. The shoes are too big for him to wear, \_\_\_\_\_?  
(A) are they (B) isn't he (C) is he (D) aren't they

背面尚有試題

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4. Kelly sings \_\_\_\_ well that she has a lot of fans.  
(A) so (B) very (C) really (D) too
5. Tom is \_\_\_\_ a lazy person that he seldom tidies up his house.  
(A) such (B) so (C) too (D) X
6. What would you like to do if your teacher \_\_\_\_ you next week?  
(A) visited (B) would visit (C) visits (D) will visit
7. I can't tell \_\_\_\_ the box is open or not. Can you take a look for me?  
(A) how (B) whether (C) what (D) that
8. It's cold today. I don't \_\_\_\_ going outside. Let's stay home and watch TV.  
(A) want (B) feel like (C) used to (D) had better
9. No one had time to go to the movies \_\_\_\_ me. I really wanted to see it, so I went by myself.  
(A) besides (B) above (C) without (D) except
10. Don't worry about going to M& M high school or J&J high school. Follow your heart, and it will show you \_\_\_\_ to go.  
(A) what (B) if (C) how (D) where

四、 依提示作答： 4% 每題 2 分

1. How much is this cap? (句首用 Do you have any idea 改寫句子)
2. { Will Mandy go to the party? (用 適當的連接詞 合併句子)  
I'm not sure.

五、 引導式翻譯： 7% 每題 1 分

1. 國中畢業之後，我想要上高職。在那裡，我可以修習實作課程，並學習新的技能。  
I want to go to a \_\_1\_\_ school after I \_\_2\_\_ \_\_3\_\_ junior high school. There, I can \_\_4\_\_ \_\_5\_\_ classes and learn new skills.
2. Dickson 告訴我如何考試得滿分。  
Dickson told me how to get \_\_6\_\_ \_\_7\_\_ on tests.

六、 題組： 下列個題組，請根據選文，選出一個正確或最佳的答案。14% 每題 1 分

1.

The Mona Lisa is a world-famous painting. The woman in the painting wears a smile on her face. She \_\_\_\_ 1 \_\_\_\_ to be the wife of a rich Italian. Leonardo da Vinci began to paint it in 1503 and finished it four years later.

The painting \_\_\_\_ 2 \_\_\_\_ in the national museum in Paris since 1797. However, one night in 1911, it was taken away by a worker from the museum. Two years later, the worker \_\_\_\_ 3 \_\_\_\_ in Italy when he tried to sell the painting. Later, it was returned to the museum.

Now, the Mona Lisa \_\_\_\_ 4 \_\_\_\_ behind thick glass in the museum. Millions of people around the world come to see this famous painting each year. However, \_\_\_\_ 5 \_\_\_\_ people notice one important thing—the smiling lady appears to have no eyebrows. (眉毛)

- |                     |                     |                  |                    |
|---------------------|---------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| 1.(A) believes      | (B) believed        | (C) is believed  | (D) has believed   |
| 2.(A) has been hung | (B) has hung        | (C) was hung     | (D) hangs          |
| 3.(A) caught        | (B) has been caught | (C) was catching | (D) was caught     |
| 4.(A) shows         | (B) is shown        | (C) is showing   | (D) has been shown |
| 5.(A) many          | (B) most            | (D) all          | (D) few            |

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P3.

2.

Do you remember what the world was like before the Internet? Maybe you are not old enough to remember. People used to send letters or paper cards to celebrate their friends' birthdays. They got news mostly from newspapers and TV. Now, thanks to social media like Facebook, we can post news on the walls and share photos with friends more easily. We can also learn about the world news as it happens.

Facebook was created by Mark Zuckerberg in 2004 when he was a student at Harvard University. Mark was born in 1984 and he showed his talent for computer science at an early age. By the time he was a high school student, Microsoft even offered him a job because he wrote an excellent music program. However, he turned down the job. In the first 24 hours when he set up Facebook, 1200 other Harvard students signed up and six months later, half of the students at Harvard were on it. Today, there are at least 1.65 billion people on Facebook, or 22% of the world population in 75 languages. These numbers show us just how popular Facebook is and the numbers above continue to grow.

Without a doubt, Mark has brought the world closer together with Facebook. Some people start to think we are spending too much time on Facebook and we forget how to talk to people in real life. Although it's fun to use Facebook, don't forget about the real world and people around you!

billion 十億 population 人口 continue 繼續

6. What is the main idea of the reading?

- (A) Facebook helps us to share photos with our friends. (B) Facebook has changed many people's social life.  
(C) You must use Facebook because it's very useful. (D) Mark Zuckerberg is a rich and smart Harvard student.

7. What is one bad thing about Facebook?

- (A) Some users have problems talking in real life. (B) Facebook has changed many people's social life.  
(C) Too many young people are using it. (D) People can share their lives and post news easily.

8. What does "turn down" mean in the reading?

- (A) To stop something. (B) To change something. (C) To prepare something. (D) To give up something.

3.

Dear Lady Coco,  
I am in trouble now. My classmate sitting next to me likes to talk to me in class. But I want to listen to the teacher carefully. I don't know how to tell her about this without hurting her. Please help me.  
Mei-mei

Dear Mei-mei,  
You may try to tell her that being quiet and hard-working in class is good for her, too. Maybe she will talk less. If she doesn't, I think you'd better ask your teacher to change your seat.  
Lady Coco

9. Who is a trouble to Mei-mei?

- (A) Her friend. (B) Her teacher.  
(C) Lady Coco. (D) Her family.

10. Why DOESN'T Mei-mei want to talk to her classmate in class?

- (A) She doesn't like her. (B) She is too quiet.  
(C) She hopes to listen to the teacher. (D) She is afraid of hurting her.

11. What DOESN'T Lady Coco tell Mei-mei?

- (A) To have a try. (B) To change her seat.  
(C) To ask the teacher to help her. (D) To tell her classmate to talk more.

背面尚有試題

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P4.

4.

Most American kids love Halloween treats, but a large package of candy can be a dentist's nightmare. Some parents try to throw away the candy after their children go to bed, but dentists say parents also need to tell the good kinds of treats from the bad ones.

What children eat is not truly important, but how much time the candy stays in their mouths is more important because of the damage to the teeth. According to dentist Dr. Kaneta Lott, the most damaging thing is that something is very hard to fall off from teeth and stays in the mouth for a long time. This is because we all have bacteria in our mouths. When we eat, the bacteria take your food as their food and grow acid. The acid can hurt the surface of the teeth and then the cavities are formed. The longer the food stays in the mouth, the more cavities will grow. So, potato chips are worse than candy because they get stuck between teeth. For the same reason, raisins and cookies are not the best choice for children's snack. Hard candies take a long time to go away and are also a bad choice for Halloween treats.

If children really love candy, dentists suggest that they should eat chocolate instead. Unlike candies, chocolate melt quickly in the mouth. Besides, chocolate has tannins. It is believed that tannins kill some of the bacteria in the mouth. But no matter what a child eats, brushing after each meal is still the best way to fight cavities.

📖 nightmare 夢靨    according to 根據    damage 傷害    bacteria(複數) 細菌  
acid 酸    surface 表面    cavities 蛀牙洞    form 形成  
get stuck 卡住    raisin 葡萄乾    melt 融化    tannin 單寧酸    no matter 不管...

12. What is the main idea of the article?

- (A) To talk about how the cavities can be treated.
- (B) To talk about Halloween celebrations should be changed in a more healthy way.
- (C) To teach parents what candies are less damaging to children's teeth.
- (D) To teach parents how to celebrate Halloween with their children.

13. Why are hard candies especially bad for teeth?

- (A) They may break children's teeth.      (B) They take much time to stay in the mouth.
- (C) They have too much sugar.      (D) They help bacteria to grow tannins.

14. Which of the following is true about tannins?

- (A) They can grow more and more acid.      (B) They can make the surface of the teeth worse.
- (C) They can be found in the potato chips.      (D) They can help keep teeth healthy.

試題結束!!!!

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班級： 座號： 姓名：

答 案 卷

口說 10%	聽力 20%	閱讀 70%	總成績 100%

閱讀測驗: 70 %

一、 字彙測驗: 20 %

(一) 單字或片語測驗 10 % 每題 1 分

1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10

(二) 文意字彙 10 % 每題 2 分

11	12	13	14	15
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二、 填入適當的介系詞或副詞: 5 % 每題 1 分

1	2	3	4	5
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三、 文法選擇: 20 % 每題 2 分

1	2	3	4	5
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四、 依提示作答: 4 % 每題 2 分

1
2

五、 引導式翻譯: 7 % 填充每格 1 分

1	1	2	3	4	5	2	6	7
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六、 題組: 下列個題組，請根據選文，選出一個正確或最佳的答案。 14 % 每題 1 分

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14